Introduced by Senator Murray (Principal coauthor: Senator Alpert)

February 20, 2003

An act to amend Sections 12090, 12091, 12092, 12093, 12094, 66010.6, 66903, 94770, and 94780 of, to amend and renumber Sections 94900, 94901, and 94905 of, to add a chapter heading immediately preceding Section 94250 of, and to repeal the heading of Article 8 (commencing with Section 94900) of Chapter 7 of Part 59 of, the Education Code, relating to postsecondary education.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 542, as introduced, Murray. Postsecondary education: California Postsecondary Education Commission.

(1) Existing law, known as the Donahoe Higher Education Act, sets forth, among other things, the missions and functions of California's public and independent segments of higher education, and their respective institutions of higher education. Among other things, the act establishes the California Postsecondary Education Commission (CPEC) for, among other purposes, the collection of data pertinent to the planning and coordination of the higher education system of the state.

Existing law authorizes the State Department of Education to enter into agreements with the federal Veterans Administration, or any other agency of the federal government, for the education of veterans in any of the schools of the California public school system, except the California State University.

This bill would withdraw that authority from the State Department of Education and, instead, grant that authority to CPEC.

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(2) The existing Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education Reform Act of 1989 generally sets minimum standards of instructional quality, ethical and business practices, health and safety, and fiscal responsibility for private postsecondary and vocational educational institutions, as defined. The act establishes the Bureau for Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education, which, among other things, is required to review and investigate all institutions, programs, and courses of instruction approved under the act. The act is to be repealed by its own provisions on January 1, 2005.

This bill would renumber the provisions of the act that relate to private postsecondary institutions that grant degrees, as defined, and remove those provisions from the act. The repeal date of the act would no longer be applicable to these provisions, the operation of which would thus be extended indefinitely. The bill would also withdraw from the bureau the authority to regulate and approve private postsecondary institutions that grant degrees and, instead, grant that authority to CPEC.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to accomplish 2 all of the following:
 - (a) Facilitate articulation and transferability of courses completed by students in the public, private, and independent sectors of postsecondary education by applying a common set of program review standards.
 - (b) Ensure that students are not defrauded when they choose to enroll in private degree-granting institutions.
- 9 (c) Use the full range of public and nonpublic resources to meet 10 the education demands of Tidal Wave II.
- SEC. 2. Section 12090 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 13 12090. (a) Subject to the provisions of this article, the State
- 14 Department of Education acting by and through the Director of
- 15 Education commission is hereby authorized to enter into an
- 16 agreement, or agreements, with the Veterans Administration, or
- 17 any other agency of the federal government, for the education of
- 18 veterans in any of the schools of the public school system, except

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the California State University. The contract shall provide for the payment to the schools through the State Department of Education commission or otherwise of the maximum amount permitted by the act, or acts, of Congress under which the agreement, or agreements, is entered into by the Veterans Administration, or any other agency of the federal government.

- (b) As used in this article, "commission" refers to the California Postsecondary Education Commission.
- 9 SEC. 3. Section 12091 of the Education Code is amended to 10 read:

- 12091. The Director of Education commission is vested with all necessary power and authority to cooperate with any such agency of the federal government in the administration of any applicable act of Congress and, as well as the rules and regulations adopted thereunder, that is applicable to this article.
- SEC. 4. Section 12092 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 12092. The Department of Education through the Director of Education commission is authorized to enter into agreements with governing boards of school districts for the education by such those districts of veterans in accordance with the agreement between the Department of Education commission and the agency of the federal government.
- SEC. 5. Section 12093 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 12093. The governing board of any school district which entered that enters into an agreement with the Department of Education commission under this article may do any and all things required or authorized by such that agreement of the board or district, including, but not necessarily limited to, the purchase of books, supplies, and equipment for the veterans educated under such that agreement.
- 33 SEC. 6. Section 12094 of the Education Code is amended to read:
 - 12094. The Department of Education commission shall exercise general supervision over, and shall provide for the coordination of, all services performed, and all facilities performed and provided, by school districts for the education of veterans to the end that the needs of the veterans shall be met in the most adequate manner.

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1 SEC. 7. Section 66010.6 of the Education Code is amended 2 to read:

- 66010.6. (a) The missions of agencies charged with coordination, administration, or implementation of higher education policies and programs in California shall be as follows: (a)
- (1) The California Postsecondary Education Commission is the statewide postsecondary education coordinating and planning agency. The commission shall serve as a principal fiscal and program advisor to the Governor and the Legislature on postsecondary educational policy. Consistent with Section 66903, the commission's responsibilities shall include, but not *necessarily* be limited to, *all of* the following:

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(A) Analysis and recommendations related to long-range 16 planning for public postsecondary education.

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(B) Analysis of state policy and programs involving the independent and private postsecondary educational sectors.

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21 (C) Analysis and recommendations related to program and 22 policy review. 23

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24 (D) Resource analysis.

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> (E) Maintenance and publication of pertinent public information relating to all aspects of postsecondary education.

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- (F) Approving and regulating private postsecondary educational institutions that grant degrees.
- (2) The commission shall consult with the postsecondary 32 educational segments and with relevant state agencies, including the Student Aid Commission, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and other relevant parties, in its preparation of analyses and recommendations to the Governor and the 35 36 Legislature. However, the commission shall remain an independent and nonpartisan body responsible for providing an integrated and segmentally unbiased view for purposes of state
- policy formulation and evaluation.

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(b) (1) The California Student Aid Commission is the primary state agency for the administration of state-authorized student financial aid programs available to students attending all segments of postsecondary education. These programs include grant, work study, and loan programs supported by the state and the federal government.

Consistent

- (2) Consistent with this responsibility, the Commission commission shall provide, in consultation with the postsecondary education segments and relevant state agencies, policy leadership on student financial aid issues, evaluate the effectiveness of its programs, conduct research and long-range planning as a foundation for program improvement, report on total state financial aid needs, and disseminate information to students and their families.
- (c) The Council Bureau for Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education is the primary state agency responsible for approving and regulating private postsecondary and vocational educational institutions, other than private postsecondary institutions that grant degrees, and for developing state policies for private postsecondary and vocational education in California. The council bureau shall represent the private postsecondary and vocational education institutions, other than private postsecondary institutions that grant degrees, in all state level planning and policy discussions about postsecondary and vocational education.
- SEC. 8. Section 66903 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 66903. The commission has the following functions and responsibilities in its capacity as the statewide postsecondary education planning and coordinating agency and adviser to the Legislature and the Governor:
- (a) It shall require the governing boards of the segments of public postsecondary education to develop and submit to the commission institutional and systemwide long-range plans in a form determined by the commission after consultation with the segments.
- (b) It shall prepare a state plan for postsecondary education that shall integrate the planning efforts of the public segments with other pertinent plans. The commission shall seek to resolve

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conflicts or inconsistencies among segmental plans in consultation with the segments. If these consultations are unsuccessful, the commission shall report the unresolved issues to the Legislature with recommendations for resolution. In developing the plan, the commission shall consider at least the following factors:

- (1) The need for, and location of, new facilities.
- (2) The range and kinds of programs appropriate to each institution or system.
- (3) The budgetary priorities of the institutions and systems of postsecondary education.
- (4) The impact of various types and levels of student charges on students and on postsecondary education programs and institutions
 - (5) The appropriate levels of state-funded student financial aid.
- (6) The access and admission of students to postsecondary education.
- (7) The educational programs and resources of independent and private postsecondary institutions.
- (8) The provisions of this division differentiating the functions of the public systems of higher education.
 - (c) It shall update the plan periodically, as appropriate.
- (d) It shall participate in appropriate stages of the executive and the legislative budget processes as requested by the executive and the legislative branches, and shall advise the executive and the legislative branches as to whether segmental programmatic budgetary requests are compatible with the state plan. It is not intended that the commission hold independent budget hearings.
- (e) It shall advise the Legislature and the Governor regarding the need for, and location of, new institutions and campuses of public higher education.
- (f) It shall review proposals by the public segments for new programs, the priorities that guide them, and the degree of coordination with nearby public, independent, and private postsecondary educational institutions, and shall make recommendations regarding those proposals to the Legislature and the Governor.
- (g) In consultation with the public segments, it shall establish a schedule for segmental review of selected educational programs, evaluate the program approval, review, and disestablishment

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processes of the segments, and report its findings and recommendations to the Legislature and the Governor.

- (h) It shall serve as a stimulus to the segments and institutions of postsecondary education by projecting and identifying societal and educational needs and encouraging adaptability to change.
- (i) It shall periodically collect or conduct, or both collect and conduct, studies of projected manpower supply and demand, in cooperation with appropriate state agencies, and disseminate the results of those studies to institutions of postsecondary education and to the public in order to improve the information base upon which student choices are made.
- (j) It shall periodically review and make recommendations concerning the need for, and availability of, postsecondary programs for adult and continuing education.
- (k) It shall develop criteria for evaluating the effectiveness of all aspects of postsecondary education.
- (*l*) It shall maintain and update annually an inventory of all off-campus programs and facilities for education, research, and community services operated by public and independent institutions of postsecondary education.
- (m) (1) It shall act as a clearinghouse for postsecondary education information and as a primary source of information for the Legislature, the Governor, and other agencies. It shall develop and maintain a comprehensive data base that does all of the following:
 - (A) Ensures comparability of data from diverse sources.
- (B) Supports longitudinal studies of individual students as they progress through the state's postsecondary educational institutions, based upon the commission's existing student data base through the use of a unique student identifier.
- (C) Is compatible with the California School Information System and the student information systems developed and maintained by the public segments of higher education, as appropriate.
- (D) Provides Internet access to data, as appropriate, to the sectors of higher education.
- (E) Provides each of the educational segments access to the data made available to the commission for the purposes of the data base database, in order to support, most efficiently and effectively,

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statewide, segmental, and individual campus educational research information needs.

- (2) The commission, in implementing paragraph (1), shall comply with the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g) relating to the disclosure of personally identifiable information concerning students.
- (3) The commission may not make available any personally identifiable information received from a postsecondary educational institution concerning students for any regulatory purpose unless the institution has authorized the commission to provide that information on behalf of the institution.
- (4) The commission shall provide 30-day notification to the chairpersons of the appropriate legislative policy and budget committees of the Legislature, to the Director of Finance, and to the Governor prior to making any significant changes to the student information contained in the data base database.
- (n) It shall establish criteria for state support of new and existing programs, in consultation with the public segments, the Department of Finance, and the Joint Legislative Budget Committee.
- (o) It shall comply with the appropriate provisions of the federal Education Amendments of 1972 (P.L. 92-318), as specified in Section 67000.
- (p) It shall consider the relationship among academic education and vocational education and job training programs, and shall actively consult with representatives of public and private education.
- (q) It shall review all proposals for changes in eligibility pools for admission to public institutions and segments of postsecondary education and shall make recommendations to the Legislature, the Governor, and institutions of postsecondary education. In carrying out this subdivision, the commission periodically shall conduct a study of the percentages of California public high school graduates estimated to be eligible for admission to the University of California and the California State University. The changes made to this subdivision during the 2001–02 Regular Session of the Legislature shall be implemented only during those fiscal years for which funding is provided for the purposes of those provisions in the annual Budget Act or in another measure.

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(r) It shall report periodically to the Legislature and the Governor regarding the financial conditions of independent institutions, their enrollment and application figures, the number of student spaces available, and the respective cost of utilizing those spaces as compared to providing additional public spaces. The reports shall include recommendations concerning state policies and programs having a significant impact on independent institutions

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- (s) Upon request of the Legislature or the Governor, it shall submit to the Legislature and the Governor a report on all matters so requested that are compatible with its role as the statewide postsecondary education planning and coordinating agency. Upon request of individual Members of the Legislature or personnel in the executive branch, the commission shall submit information or a report on any matter to the extent that sufficient resources are available. From time to time, it also may submit to the Legislature and the Governor a report that contains recommendations as to necessary or desirable changes, if any, in the functions, policies, and programs of the several segments of public, independent, and private postsecondary education.
- (t) In consultation with the public segments, it shall consider the development of facilities to be used by more than one segment of public higher education, commonly called "joint-use facilities." It shall recommend to the Legislature criteria and processes for different segments to utilize bond funds for these intersegmental, joint-use facilities.
- (u) Pursuant to Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 94250) of Part 59, it shall provide oversight and regulatory services with respect to private postsecondary institutions that offer degree programs.
- (v) It may undertake other functions and responsibilities that are compatible with its role as the statewide postsecondary education planning and coordinating agency.
- SEC. 9. A chapter heading immediately preceding Section 94250, is added to Part 59 of the Education Code, to read:

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Chapter 2.5. Private Postsecondary Degree-Granting Institutions

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- SEC. 10. Section 94770 of the Education Code is amended to read:
- 5 6 94770. (a) There is a Bureau for Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education in the Department of Consumer Affairs. The bureau shall succeed to any and all rights and claims of the former Council for Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education that may have been asserted in any judicial or administrative action 10 11 pending on January 1, 1998, and shall take any action reasonably 12 necessary to assert and realize those rights and claims in its own name. The functions of the former council and the responsibilities 13 14 the former council had for the administration of former Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 94700) on June 29, 1997, are 15 transferred to the bureau, effective January 1, 1998, as provided by 16 this act. It is the intent of the Legislature that there be no gap in the 17 performance of functions or the administration of the law 19 governing private postsecondary educational institutions. 20 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, Section 19050.9 of the Government Code shall apply regardless of the date on which 21 22 former Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 94700) became 23 inoperative or was repealed.

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(b) The bureau shall have possession and control of all records, papers, offices, equipment, supplies, or other property, real or personal, held for the benefit or use by the former council in the performance of the duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdictions that are vested in the bureau.

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- (c) The bureau has the responsibility for approving and regulating private postsecondary educational institutions, other than the degree-granting institutions that are approved and regulated by the California Postsecondary Education Commission pursuant to Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 94250). The bureau shall have, as its objective, the development of a strong, vigorous, and widely respected sector of private postsecondary and vocational education.
- 39 SEC. 11. Section 94780 of the Education Code is amended to 40 read:

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94780. No institution, subject to this chapter, shall offer any educational service unless the institution is first approved by the council and meets all of the requirements in the following articles:

- (a) This article, Article 6 (commencing with Section 94800) except as provided for institutions approved under Article 9.5 (commencing with Section 94931), Article 10 (commencing with Section 94932), Article 11 (commencing with Section 94940), and Article 12 (commencing with Section 94944).
- (b) Article 8 (commencing with Section 94900), if the 10 institution offers degrees.
 - (e) Article 9 (commencing with Section 94915), if the institution does not offer degrees.

(c) Article 9.5 (commencing with Section 94931), if the institution is registered pursuant to that article.

- (d) Article 7 (commencing with Section 94850), if the educational programs are not exempt under Section 94790.
- SEC. 12. The heading of Article 8 (commencing with Section 94900) of Chapter 7 of Part 59 of the Education Code is repealed.

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Article 8. Standards and Evaluation Procedures for **Degree-Granting Institutions**

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SEC. 13. Section 94900 of the Education Code is amended and renumbered to read:

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94250. (a) (1) No private postsecondary educational institution may issue, confer, or award an academic or honorary degree unless the institution is approved by the council commission to operate in California and award degrees.

The council

(2) The commission shall not issue an approval under paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 94901 94251 or a conditional approval under paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of Section 94901 94251 until it has conducted a qualitative review and assessment of, and has approved, each degree program offered by the institution, and all of the operations of the institution, and has determined all of the following:

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(A) The institution has the facilities, financial resources, administrative capabilities, faculty, and other necessary educational expertise and resources to ensure its capability of fulfilling the program or programs for enrolled students.

- (B) The faculty are fully qualified to undertake the level of instruction that they are assigned and shall, possess degrees or credentials appropriate to the degree program and level they teach, and have demonstrated professional achievement in the major field or fields offered, in sufficient numbers to provide the educational services.
- (C) The education services and curriculum clearly relate to the objectives of the proposed program or programs, and offer students the opportunity for a quality high-quality education.
- (D) The facilities are appropriate for the defined educational objectives and are sufficient to ensure quality educational services to the students enrolled in the program or programs.
- (E) The program of study for which the degree is granted provides the curriculum necessary to achieve its professed or claimed academic objective for higher education, and the institution requires a level of academic achievement appropriate to that degree.
- (F) The institution provides adequate student advisement services, academic planning and curriculum development activities, research supervision for students enrolled in Ph.D. programs, and clinical supervision for students enrolled in various health profession programs.
- (G) If the institution offers credit for prior experiential learning it may do so only after an evaluation by qualified faculty and only in disciplines within the institution's curricular offerings that are appropriate to the degree to be pursued. The eouncil commission shall develop specific standards regarding the criteria for awarding credit for prior experiential learning at the graduate level, including the maximum number of hours for which credit may be awarded.
- (b) The approval process shall include a qualitative review and assessment of all of the following:
- (1) Institutional purpose, mission, and objectives.
 - (2) Governance and administration.
- 39 (3) Curriculum.
- 40 (4) Instruction.

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- 1 (5) Faculty, including their qualifications.
- 2 (6) Physical facilities.
- 3 (7) Administrative personnel.
- 4 (8) Procedures for keeping educational records.
- 5 (9) Tuition, fee, and refund schedules.
 - (10) Admissions standards.
- 7 (11) Financial aid policies and practices.
- 8 (12) Scholastic regulations and graduation requirements.
 - (13) Ethical principles and practices.
- 10 (14) Library and other learning resources.
 - (15) Student activities and services.
- 12 (16) Degrees offered.
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- (c) The standards and procedures utilized by the council commission shall foster the development of high quality high-quality, innovative educational programs and emerging new fields of study within postsecondary education. In addition, the standards and procedures utilized by the council commission shall not unreasonably hinder educational innovation and competition.
- 20 (e)
 - (d) (1) The Committee of Bar Examiners for the State of California, in lieu of the council commission, shall be responsible for the approval, regulation, and oversight of degree-granting law schools that (A) exclusively offer bachelor's, master's, or doctorate degrees in law, such as Juris Doctor, and (B) are not otherwise exempt under Section 94750. This paragraph does not apply to unaccredited law schools that remain subject to the jurisdiction of the bureau commission.
 - (2) If a law school not exempt under Section 94750 offers educational services other than bachelor's, master's, or doctorate-degree programs in law, the law school and its nonlaw degree programs shall be subject to this chapter Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 94700), and the law school's degree programs in law shall be subject to the approval, regulation, and oversight of the Committee of Bar Examiners.
- 36 (e) As used in this chapter, "commission" refers to the California Postsecondary Education Commission.
- 38 SEC. 14. Section 94901 of the Education Code is amended and renumbered to read:
- 40 94901. (a) The council

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94251. (a) (1) The commission shall conduct a qualitative review and assessment of the institution. It also shall conduct a qualitative review and assessment of all programs offered except continuing education programs and programs that are exclusively avocational or recreational in nature. The review shall include the items listed in subdivision (b) of Section 94900 94250, through a comprehensive onsite review process, performed by a qualified visiting committee impaneled by the eouncil commission for that purpose.

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(2) An institution may include some or all of its separate operating sites under one application. Alternately Alternatively, it may submit separate applications for any one site or combination of sites. The satellites or branches included in either an initial or renewal application shall be considered by the council commission to comprise a separate, single institution for purposes of regulation, approval, and compliance under this chapter.

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- (3) The application shall include a single fee based on the number of branches, satellites, and programs included within a single application in order to cover the costs involved for those multisite and multiprogram reviews. If the application is for renewal of an existing approval, the institution need only submit information necessary to document any changes made since the time its previous application was filed with the council commission. Fees for renewal applications will be based on the actual costs involved in the administrative review process.
- (b) The number of sites inspected by the council commission as part of its review process shall be subject to the following considerations:
- (1) If the application for approval includes branches and satellites, the <u>eouncil</u> *commission* shall inspect each branch and may inspect any satellite campus.
- (2) If the application is for approval to operate a branch or a satellite, the council commission, in addition to inspecting the branch or satellite, also may inspect the institution operating the branch or satellite campus.
- (c) The <u>council</u> commission may waive or modify the onsite inspection for institutions offering home study or correspondence courses. The visiting committee shall be impaneled by the <u>council</u>

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commission within 90 days of the date of the receipt of a completed application and shall be composed of educators, and other individuals with expertise in the areas listed in subdivision (b) of Section 94900, from degree-granting institutions legally operating within the state. Within 90 days of the receipt of the visiting committee's evaluation report and recommendations, or any reasonable extension of time not to exceed 90 days, the council commission shall take one of the following actions:

- (1) If the institution is in compliance with this chapter and has not operated within three years before the filing of the application in violation of this chapter then in effect, the bureau commission may grant an approval to operate not to exceed five years.
- (2) If the institution is in compliance with this chapter, but has operated within three years before the filing of the application in violation of this chapter then in effect, or if the council commission determines that an unconditional grant of approval to operate is not in the public interest, the council commission may grant a conditional approval to operate subject to whatever restrictions the council commission deems appropriate. The council commission shall notify the institution of the restrictions or conditions, the basis for the restrictions or conditions, and the right to request a hearing to contest them. Conditional approval shall not exceed two years.
- (3) The eouncil commission may deny the application. If the application is denied, the eouncil commission may permit the institution to continue offering the program of instruction to students already enrolled or may order the institution to cease instruction and provide a refund of tuition and all other charges to students.
- (d) When evaluating an institution whose purpose is to advance postsecondary education through innovative methods, the visiting committee shall comprise educators who are familiar with, and receptive to, evidence bearing on the educational quality and accomplishments of those methods.
- (e) The standards and procedures utilized by the council commission shall not unreasonably hinder educational innovation and competition.
- (f) Each institution or instructional program offering education for entry into a health care profession in which the provider has primary care responsibilities shall offer that education within a

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professional degree program which shall be subject to approval by the <u>council</u> commission pursuant to this section.

- (g) (1) If an institution is not operating in California when it applies for approval to operate for itself or a branch or satellite campus, the institution shall file with its application an operational plan establishing that the institution will satisfy the minimum standards set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 94900 94250. The operational plan also shall include a detailed description of the institution's program for implementing the operational plan, including proposed procedures, financial resources, and the qualifications of owners, directors, officers, and administrators employed at the time of the filing of the application. The council commission may request additional information to enable the council commission to determine whether the operational plan and its proposed implementation will satisfy these minimum standards.
- (2) If the eouncil commission determines that the operational plan satisfies the minimum standards described in subdivision (a) of Section 94900 94250, that the institution demonstrates that it will implement the plan, and that no ground for denial of the application exists, the council commission shall grant a temporary approval to operate, subject to any restrictions the -council commission reasonably deems necessary to ensure compliance with this chapter, pending a qualitative review and assessment as provided in subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 94900 94250. The council commission shall inspect, pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 94901 this section, the institution, or branch or satellite campus if approval is sought for that campus between 90 days and 180 days after operation has begun under the temporary approval to operate. Following receipt of the visiting committee's or the eouncil commission staff's report, the eouncil commission shall act as provided in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subdivision (c).
- (h) If at any time the eouncil commission determines that an institution has deviated from the standards for approval, the eouncil commission, after identifying for the institution the areas in which it has deviated from the standards, and after giving the institution due notice and an opportunity to be heard, may place the institution on probation for a prescribed period of time, not to exceed 24 calendar months. During the period of probation, the institution shall be subject to special monitoring. The conditions

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for probation may include the required submission of periodic reports, as prescribed by the council commission, and special visits by authorized representatives of the council commission to determine progress toward total compliance. If, at the end of the probationary period, the institution has not taken steps to eliminate the cause or causes for its probation to the satisfaction of the council commission, the council commission may revoke the institution's approval to award degrees and provide notice to the institution to cease its operations.

- (i) An institution may not advertise itself as an approved institution unless each degree program offered by the institution has been approved in accordance with the requirements of this section. The eouncil commission shall review all operations of the institution, pertaining to California degrees, both within and outside of California. The eouncil commission may conduct site visits outside of California, including the institution's foreign operations, when the eouncil commission deems these visits to be necessary. The institution shall be responsible for the expenses of the visiting team members including the eouncil's commission's staff liaison. The eouncil commission may authorize any institution approved to issue degrees under this section to issue certificates for the completion of courses of study that are within the institution's approved degree-granting programs.
- (j) An institution shall not offer any educational program or degree title that was not offered by the institution at the time the institution applied for approval to operate, and shall not offer any educational program or degree title at a campus that had not offered the program or degree title at the time the institution applied for approval to operate that campus, unless the council commission first approves the offering of the program or degree title after determining that it satisfies the minimum standards established by this section.
- SEC. 15. Section 94905 of the Education Code is amended and renumbered to read:

94905.

94255. (a) Any public or private postsecondary educational institution incorporated in another state that has accreditation from a regional accrediting association recognized by the United States Department of Education at the time of the issuance of a degree, and that is approved by the council commission, may issue degrees,

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diplomas, or certificates. Except for continuing education programs and programs that are exclusively avocational or recreational in nature, accredited public or private postsecondary educational institutions incorporated in another state shall not offer degrees, diplomas, or certificates in California unless they comply with this section.

- (b) The eouncil commission shall not approve an institution to issue degrees, diplomas, or certificates pursuant to this section until the eouncil commission has conducted a qualitative review and assessment of, and has approved, each program offered by the institution and all of its operations in California, and the eouncil commission has determined that the institution meets all of the following standards:
- (1) The institution has financial resources to ensure the capability of fulfilling the program or programs for enrolled students
- (2) The faculty includes personnel who possess appropriate degrees from institutions accredited by a regional accrediting association recognized by the United States Department of Education in the degree major field or fields offered, in sufficient number to provide the educational services.
- (3) The education services and curriculum clearly relate to the objectives of the proposed program or programs.
- (4) The facilities are appropriate for the defined educational objectives and are sufficient to ensure quality educational services to the students enrolled in the program or programs.
- (5) The institution has verifiable evidence of academic achievement comparable to that required of graduates of other institutions operating in this state for the program or programs upon which the degree, diploma, or certificate is based.
- (c) The period of any approval issued under this section shall be subject to Section 94901 94251.
- (d) Institutions approved under this section shall offer in California only programs that the institution can document to have been acknowledged or favorably reviewed by the home regional accrediting association.
- (e) In reviewing the out-of-state accredited institutions, the council commission shall use as guidelines the standards and procedures developed by the special committee created pursuant to paragraph (5) of subdivision (b) of Section 94310.1, as in effect

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on December 31, 1989, and adopted by the California Postsecondary Education Commission. These standards and procedures were based on all of the following principles:

- (1) Following the initial site review, subsequent onsite reviews by the <u>council</u> commission may be conducted in conjunction with institutional reviews by the regional accrediting association. However, if there is substantial evidence that the institution is not in compliance with state standards, the <u>council</u> commission may initiate a special review of the California operations of the institution.
- (2) Each institution may include some, or all, of its separate operating sites under one application. Alternately, it may submit separate applications for any one site or combination of sites. The satellites or branches included in either an initial or renewal application shall be considered by the eouncil commission to comprise a separate, single institution for purposes of regulation, approval, and compliance under this chapter.
- (3) The application shall include a single fee based on the number of branches, satellites, and programs included within a single application in order to cover the costs involved for such multisite and multiprogram reviews.
- (4) If the application is for renewal of an existing approval, the institution need only submit information necessary to document any changes made since the time its previous application was filed with the <u>council</u> commission. Fees for reapproval applications will be based on the actual costs involved in the administrative review process.
- (5) The council commission shall develop a procedural rationale to justify the number of sites to be visited by the state in the review of the institution's operations in California. The number of sites visited shall be subject to the following considerations:
- (A) If the application for approval includes branches and satellites, the <u>council</u> commission may inspect each branch and may inspect any satellite campus.
- (B) If the application is for approval to operate a branch or a satellite, the <u>council</u> *commission*, in addition to inspecting the branch or satellite, also may inspect the institution operating the branch or satellite campus.

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(C) The <u>eouncil</u> *commission* may waive or modify the onsite inspection for institutions offering home study or correspondence courses.

- (D) The purpose of the onsite review by the council commission shall be to determine that operations by the institution in California meet the minimum state standards identified in statute.
- 8 (E) The standards and procedures shall not unreasonably 9 hinder educational innovation and competition.